Conjunctiva
Lecture 4
“Your mind knows what your eyes see.....”
Let's get Quizzical today.............
Question 1

- Difference between membrane and pseudomembrane?
Pseudomembranes and membranes are the result of an exudative process and differ only in degree.

A pseudomembrane is a coagulum on the surface of the epithelium, and when it is removed, the epithelium remains intact.

A membrane is a coagulum involving the entire epithelium, and if it is removed, a raw, bleeding surface remains.

Pseudomembranes or membranes may accompany epidemic keratoconjunctivitis, primary herpes simplex virus conjunctivitis, streptococcal conjunctivitis, diphtheria, cicatricial pemphigoid, and erythema multiforme major.

They may also be an aftermath of chemical burns, especially alkali burns.
Question 2
Gonococcal conjunctivitis
Question 3

22 year old male with urethritis and conjunctivitis?
Answer 3

- Chylamydial Inclusion Follicular conjunctivitis
10 year old boy with itchy and scratchy eyes? What do you see here?
Answer 4

- Palpebral form of Vernal Catarrah showing cobblestone appearance
Question 5

Condition and causes?
Answer 5

- Concretions.
- Dry Eye, chronic lid disease caused by staphylococcal species.
Question 6

Preauricular skin tags with this lesion.....What is the lesion and associated syndrome?
- Dermoid
- Goldenhaar Syndrome
Answer 7

- Pannus
Question 8

Name the condition and its management?
Answer 3

- Giant Papillary conjunctivitis
- Topical and/or supratarsal steroids......Excision of papillae with conjunctival graft
Question 9
Answer 9

- Arlt’s line
Name the lesion with its characteristics?
Naevus

Solitary, well defined, slightly elevated with a predeliction for limbus, plica and caruncle
Question 11
Answer 11

- Melanoma
Question 12
Answer 12

- Bitot’s spot
Leukoplakic type of CIN
Question 14
Answer 14

- Sessile squamous papilloma
Question 15

Clue: HIV positive
Answer 15

- Kaposi Sarcoma
Question 16
Phylecten

Unilateral, umblicated, oval lesion with surrounding hyperemia

Causes:
- Staphylococcal infection
- TB
- HSV
- Candidal infection
Question 17
• Post adenoviral conjunctivitis subepithelial corneal opacities
• Conjunctival cyst