MUSCLES OF PECTORAL REGION

- PLATYSMA – lies in s/f (subcutaneous muscle), not included in the pectoral region

  ORIGIN-deep fascia over the P. MAJOR & anterior part of DELTOID

  INSERTION-low. boder of mandible & blends with the muscles on the face

  ACTION- tenses the skin

  NERVE SUPPLY- cervical branch of facial nerve
PECTORALIS MAJOR
Clavipectoral fascia

- Fibrous sheet deep to clavicular part of P. major
- **Extent**
  - Vertical – Clavicle to axillary fascia
  - Horizontal – medially 1st rib and costo clavicular ligament
  - Laterally – Coracoid process and coracoclavicular ligament
- **Upper part thick** – Costocoracoid ligament
- **Pierced by**
  - Lateral pectoral nerve
  - Cephalic vein
  - Thoraco acromial vessels
  - Lymphatics from breast and pectoral region to apical group of lymph node
PECTORALIS MINOR

**Origin**
- 3, 4, 5 ribs near the costochondral junction
- Intervening fascia covering external intercostal muscle

**Insertion**
Medial border and upper surface of coracoid process

**Nerve supply**
Medial and lateral pectoral nerve

**Action**
- Draws the scapula forward with S. anterior
- Depresses the point of shoulder
- Helps in forces inspiration
Subclavius

- **Origin**
  - 1st rib at costochondral junction

- **Insertion**
  - Subclavian groove in the middle 1/3rd of the clavicle

- **Nerve Supply**
  - Nerve to subclavius C-5

- **Action**
  - Steadies the clavicle during movements on the shoulder